It provides a complete developmental approach to early childhood education, giving teachers the specific skills they need to teach the whole child—emotionally, socially, physically, creatively, and cognitively. The author believes that physical and emotional health are fundamental to the well-being of children and provides practical methods and materials that address the entire individual, not just curriculum topics. A strength of the book is while it focuses on the five developmental selves of children, it places them in the context of contemporary family life and the multicultural world of Developmentally Appropriate Practice in Early Childhood Programs Serving Children from Birth through Age 8. Adopted 2009. Copyright © 2009 by the National Association for the Education of Young Children. 2. Critical issues in the current context. For many years, preschool education and elementary education—each with its own funding sources, infrastructure, values, and traditions—have remained largely separate. In fact, the education establishment typically has not thought of preschool as a full-fledged part of American public education. They miss much of the joy and expansive learning of childhood. Educators across the whole preschool-primary spectrum have perspectives and strengths to bring to a closer collaboration and ongoing dialogue. Supporting Early Mathematical Development is an essential text for current Early Years practitioners and students, offering an excellent blend of theory and practice that will enable you to provide successful mathematical education for children from birth to eight years old. Charting the delivery of mathematical development in Playgroups, Children’s Centres, Nurseries and Primary Schools, it forges links between current practice and fundamental Early Years principles and makes suggestions for creating effective pedagogies in maths teaching. Planning for the Early Years Foundation Stage complements the six Learning area books in this series by explaining the basis of clear planning and how it links to careful observation and assessment.
The whole child. Developmental education for the early years. 9th ed. by Joanne Hendrick. Welcoming children who have special needs into the life of the school. Using standards and assessment in early childhood education. Handling daily routines. Promoting the development of the physical self. Strengthening the development of the emotional self. Enhancing the development of the social self: encouraging social competence in young children. Enhancing the development of the social self: fostering self-discipline and conflict resolution skills. Fostering the development of language skills. Fostering the emergence of literacy. Supporting the development of the cognitive self. Nurturing includes bibliographies and index. How to survive while teaching: suggestions and guidelines for the first few weeks -- What makes a good day for children? -- Handling daily routines -- Development of the physical self -- Fostering mental health in young children -- Developing self-esteem in young children -- Tender topics: helping children master emotional crises -- Developing social competence in young children -- Helping young children establish self-discipline and self-control: but what if she won't do what I say? -- Joanne Hendrick, Patricia Weissman. If we offer the young children we teach rich and appropriate learning opportunities combined with enough time for them to enjoy and experience those opportunities to the fullest, we will enhance childhood, not violate it. The Whole Child is a practical methods book that explains how to teach young children in ways that foster healthy development. This text focuses on the "whole child" and what they need from the learning environment in order to thrive. It pictures the child as being made up of "selves" - emotional, social, physical, cr
It provides a complete developmental approach to early childhood education, giving teachers the specific skills they need to teach the whole child—emotionally, socially, physically, creatively, and cognitively. The author believes that physical and emotional health are fundamental to the well-being of children and provides practical methods and materials that address the entire individual, not just curriculum topics. A strength of the book is while it focuses on the five developmental selves of children, it places them in the context of contemporary family life and the multicultural world of Early childhood development (ECD) encompasses physical, socio-emotional, cognitive and motor development between 0-8 years of age. Neuro-scientific evidence is rapidly evolving and in 2016, updated evidence became available on the burden of children at risk of sub-optimal development, effective interventions, affordability of their delivery, and the cost of inaction. The early years are critical, because this is the period in life when the brain develops most rapidly and has a high capacity for change, and the foundation is laid for health and wellbeing throughout life. Nurturing care define for Children, Healthy Babies Healthy Children and early intervention services. It is intended to complement, not replace, the Ontario Day Nurseries Act, Ontario Early Years Centre guidelines and the Kindergarten Program. Ontario’s Best Start Plan puts the central recommendation of the Early Years Study (McCain & Mustard, 1999) into action to create a first tier for children 0 to 6 years. Since all quality early childhood settings provide both care and education, a caring, nurturing environment that supports learning and early development is an essential component of a framework for early learning. The steady drip of daily life (Barr, 2001) establishes pathways for lifelong learning, behaviour and health that are inextricably linked to the development of the whole child.
Includes bibliographies and index. How to survive while teaching: suggestions and guidelines for the first few weeks -- What makes a good day for children? -- Handling daily routines -- Development of the physical self -- Fostering mental health in young children -- Developing self-esteem in young children -- Tender topics: helping children master emotional crises -- Developing social competence in young children -- Helping young children establish self-discipline and self-control: but what if she won't do what I say? -- Situate children within the context of a developmental continuum that extends from birth to age eight years rather than evaluate their performance against age-related expectations. Recognize multiple sources of evidence and points of view about children's growth and learning. Prepare a practical document for early childhood professionals working in all types of early childhood settings. Values are complemented by detailed attention to the early child development research in the fields of early childhood education, family studies, developmental psychology, neurosciences, anthropology, sociology, pediatrics and epidemiology. Early child development sets the foundation for lifelong learning, behaviour and health. The early childhood years are so exciting. It is in these moments from birth to grade 5 that major developmental work takes place. Culture, the individual's mind, the classroom layout, peers, situation, and circumstance affect every aspect of these early developmental years. Supervision in Early Childhood Education is the text book for individuals looking to step into a leadership role in early childhood education. The first part of the book lays out the context for supervision. Section two looks at the whole child in terms of developmental stages, children with diverse abilities, special needs/ gifted and talented, and strategies for inclusion. This is just 20 pages in length, so is a sweeping overview.