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Britain’s 2004 Workplace Employment Relations Survey provides an up-to-date and comprehensive picture of employment practices in the workplace. It also offers the opportunity to assess the effects of policies pursued by the Labour Government in this area since its election in 1997. Source: First findings from the 2004 WERS, Tables 3 and 5. Base: All workplaces with 10 or more employees. *Estimate from combining cross-section and panel data. Meetings with the entire workforce and/or team briefings were even more widespread in 2004 (91% of workplaces) than in 1998 (85%). At least a quarter of the time available in team briefings and meetings with the entire workforce was set aside for employee questions and comments in 64% and 59% of workplaces, respectively. Employment Relations Survey. Barbara kersley, carmen alpin, john forth, Alex bryson, helen bewley, gill DIX, sarah oxenbridge. This booklet reports the first findings from the 2004 Workplace Employment Relations Survey (WERS 2004), and provides information on what has changed inside British workplaces since. 1998. WERS 2004 is the fifth in the series of surveys conducted by the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI), the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC), the Advisory, Conciliation, and Arbitration Service (Acas), and the Policy Studies Institute (PSI). Previous surveys in the series: Inside the workplace: first findings from the 2004 workplace employment relations survey. B Kersley, C Alpin, J Forth, A Bryson, H Bewley, G Dixon, S Oxenbridge. Department of Trade and Industry, 2005. Employment relations in the shadow of recession: Findings from the 2011 Workplace Employment Relations Study. B Van Wanrooy, H Bewley, A Bryson, J Forth, S Freeth, L Stokes, S Wood. Macmillan International Higher Education, 2013.